



## **Head Lice**



#### What are head lice?

- Tiny (size of a sesame seed) insects that live and breed on your head
- They need blood to survive
- Grey/brown in colour
- They do not carry disease and are not an indication of poor hygiene

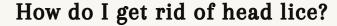
#### Who can get head lice?

- Anyone!
- Lice are more common in children ages 3-10 years old
- Lice are spread through head-tohead contact or by sharing personal belongings (ie. hat and hair accessories)

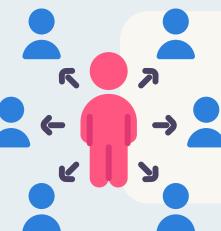


### What are the signs of head lice?

- Tickling, feeling something moving in your hair
- Ítching
- Irritability
- Sores on the head caused by scratching



- Head lice treatment can be purchased at the pharmacy (ask pharmacist to provide instructions)
- Administer two treatments 7-10 days apart
- Check for live head lice and nits daily after treatment



# How can I prevent head lice from spreading?

- Discourage head-to-head contact
- Tie long hair back in braids
- Check head weekly for lice
- If a household member has lice, tell close contacts
- Do not share hats, hairbrushes, etc.



- Be sensitive about people's feelings
- Lack of cleanliness does NOT cause head lice
- Short hair does not prevent head lice
- Head lice do not live on dogs or cats



Learn more about Head Lice, visit Toronto Public Health's website

For more information on how to check for lice, please watch the Head Lice 101 video from the Lice Squad

